

Corporate governance

Principal risks and uncertainties

Principal risks and uncertainties are disclosed in note 7 to the consolidated financial statements for the risks linked to financial instruments, and in the Corporate Governance section on *rtl.com* for the external and market risks.

Corporate governance statement

The RTL Group Board of Directors is committed to high standards of corporate governance. RTL Group has applied the principles of good governance for years, even before the Ten Principles of Corporate Governance were implemented by the Luxembourg Stock Exchange – principles that RTL Group is in line with and submitted to.

More information on this topic can be found in the Investor Relations section on *rtl.com*, which contains RTL Group's corporate governance charter, and regularly updated information, such as the latest version of the company's governance documents (including articles of incorporation, statutory accounts, and minutes of shareholders' meetings), and information on the composition and mission of the RTL Group Board of Directors and its committees. The Investors section also contains the financial calendar and other information that may be of interest to shareholders.

Shareholders

RTL Group's current share capital is set at €191,845,074 divided into 154,742,806 fully paid-up shares with no par value.

As at 31 December 2023, Bertelsmann held 76.28 per cent of RTL Group shares, and 23.72 per cent were publicly traded.

General Meetings of Shareholders will be held at the registered office or any other place in Luxembourg indicated in the convening notice. A General Meeting of Shareholders must be convened on the request of one or more shareholders who together represent at least one tenth of the company's capital, and the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders is held within six months following the end of the financial year at the place and on the date set by the Board of Directors.

Resolutions will be adopted by the simple majority of valid votes, excluding abstentions. Any resolution amending the Articles of Incorporation will be adopted by a majority of two thirds of the votes of all the shares present or represented.

The Annual General Meeting will examine the reports of the Board of Directors and the auditor and, if thought fit, will approve the annual accounts. The meeting will also determine the allocation of profit and decide on the discharge of the directors and the auditor from any duties.

Board and management

Board of Directors

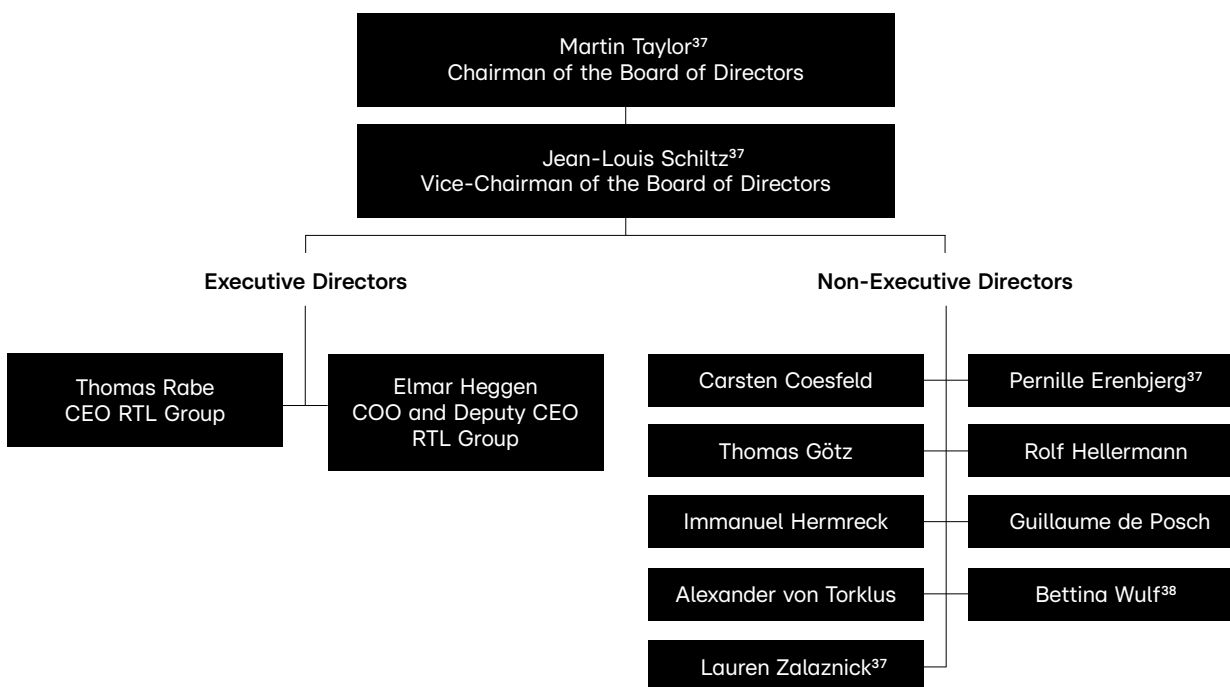
The Board of Directors has the most extensive powers to take, in the interests of the company, all acts of administration and of disposal, that are not reserved by law or the Article of Incorporation to the General Meeting of Shareholders.

On 31 December 2023, the Board of RTL Group had 12 members: two executive directors and ten non-executive directors. Bettina Wulf resigned as a non-executive director with effect on 26 April 2023. At the Annual General Meeting (AGM) on 26 April 2023,

Carsten Coesfeld and Alexander von Torklus were appointed as non-executive directors, with a term of office of one year expiring at the end of the Annual General Meeting of shareholders ruling on the 2023 accounts.

Among the non-executive directors, Pernille Erenbjerg, Jean-Louis Schiltz, Martin Taylor and Lauren Zalaznick are independent of management and other outside interests that might interfere with their independent judgement.

RTL Group's Board of Directors



Martin Taylor was appointed under the criteria of independence of the London Stock Exchange, before RTL Group adopted the Ten Principles of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange. Pernille Erenbjerg, Jean-Louis Schiltz and Lauren Zalaznick are independent directors, and all meet the current criteria of independence of the Ten Principles of the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

The Board of Directors has to review, with expert help if requested, that any transaction between RTL Group or any of its subsidiaries on the one hand, and any of the shareholders or any of their respective subsidiaries on the other hand, is on arm's-length terms.

The responsibility for day-to-day management of the company is delegated to the Chief Executive Officer (CEO). The Board of Directors has a number of responsibilities, which include approving the Group's annual budget, overseeing significant acquisitions and disposals, and managing the Group's financial statements. The Board of Directors met five times in person or online in 2023 – with an average attendance rate of 98.3 per cent – and adopted some decisions by circular resolution.

³⁷ Independent Director
³⁸ Until 26 April 2023

Individual attendance of the members of the RTL Group Board of Directors	Participation in meetings	Attendance
Martin Taylor (Chair)	5/5	100%
Carsten Coesfeld	4/4	100%
Guillaume de Posch	5/5	100%
Pernille Erenbjerg	5/5	100%
Thomas Götz	5/5	100%
Elmar Heggen	5/5	100%
Rolf Hellermann	5/5	100%
Immanuel Hermreck	5/5	100%
Thomas Rabe	5/5	100%
Jean-Louis Schiltz	5/5	100%
James Singh	1/1	100%
Alexander von Torklus	4/4	100%
Bettina Wulf	1/1	100%
Lauren Zalaznick	4/5	80%

The Executive Committee updates the Board on the Group's activities and financial situation. At each meeting, representatives of the Executive Committee brief the Board on ongoing matters, and on possible upcoming investment or divestment decisions.

In 2023, a total of €1.4 million (2022: €1.3 million) was allocated in the form of attendance fees to the non-executive members of the Board of Directors of RTL Group SA and the committees that emanate from it (see note 10.4 to the consolidated financial statements in the RTL Group Annual Report 2023).

Neither options nor loans have been granted to Directors.

Appropriate measures were taken by the company to ensure compliance with the provisions of the European market abuse regulation, and with the Circulars of the Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier (CSSF) concerning the application of this legislation.

The following Board Committees are established:

Nomination and Compensation Committee

The CEO consults with the Nomination and Compensation Committee and shall obtain prior consent on the appointment and removal of executive directors. The Nomination and Compensation Committee makes a proposal to the General Meeting of Shareholders on the appointment and removal of the non-executive directors, and establishes the Group's compensation policy.

The Nomination and Compensation Committee comprises four non-executive directors, one of whom is an independent director (who also chairs the meetings) and meets at least twice a year. The committee's plenary meetings are attended by the CEO, the COO/Deputy CEO and the Executive Vice President Human Resources. The Nomination and Compensation Committee may involve other persons to help the committee fulfil its tasks. The Chair of the Nomination and Compensation Committee reports on the discussions held and conclusions made by the committee to the subsequent Board of Directors meeting. The Nomination and Compensation Committee met four times in 2023, by telephone/video conference, with an average attendance rate of 94 per cent.

Individual attendance of the members of the Nomination and Compensation Committee	Participation in meetings	Attendance
Martin Taylor (Chair)	4/4	100%
Thomas Götz	4/4	100%
Immanuel Hermreck	4/4	100%
Lauren Zalaznick	3/4	75%

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee monitors the financial reporting process, the statutory audit of the legal and consolidated accounts, the independence of the external auditors, the effectiveness of the Group's internal controls, the compliance programme, and the Group's risks. The Audit Committee reviews the Group's financial disclosures and submits a recommendation to the Board of Directors regarding the appointment of the Group's external auditors.

The Head of Internal Audit and the external auditors have direct access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee, who is an independent director.

The Audit Committee is composed of at least four non-executive directors – two of whom are independent – and meets at least four times a year.

The committee's meetings are attended by the CEO, the COO/Deputy CEO, the Chief Financial Officer (CFO), the Head of Internal Audit, the external auditors and other senior Group finance representatives. The Audit Committee may invite other persons whose collaboration is deemed to be advantageous in helping the committee fulfil its tasks. Twice a year, the Head of Compliance is invited to provide an update on the compliance programme and to report on the compliance cases raised in the period under review, as well as on their remediation.

The Audit Committee met five times in 2023 in person or online, with an average attendance rate of 100 per cent. The Chairman of the Audit Committee reports on the discussions held and conclusions taken by the Audit Committee to the subsequent Board of Directors meeting.

Individual attendance of the members of the Audit Committee

	Participation in meetings	Attendance
Pernille Erenbjerg (Chairman)	5/5	100%
Thomas Götz	5/5	100%
Rolf Hellermann	5/5	100%
Jean-Louis Schiltz	5/5	100%
Martin Taylor	5/5	100%

The Committee assists the Board of Directors in its responsibility with respect to overseeing the Group's financial reporting, risk management and internal control, and standards of business conduct and compliance.

CEO

Responsibility for the day-to-day management of the company rests with the CEO, who – on a regular basis and upon request of the Board – informs the Board of Directors about the status and development of the Group.

The CEO is responsible for proposing the annual budget, to be approved by the Board of Directors. He is also responsible for determining the ordinary course of the business.

Executive Committee

The Executive Committee comprises the two executive directors – the CEO and the COO/Deputy CEO – and the CFO. The Executive Committee is vested with internal management authority.

In 2023, a total of €6.2 million (2022: €7.8 million) was allocated in the form of salaries, non-cash benefits and a post-employment benefit plan to the members of the Executive Committee (see note 10.3 to the consolidated financial statements of the RTL Group Annual Report 2023).

External auditor

In accordance with the Luxembourg law on commercial companies, the Company's annual accounts and consolidated financial statements are certified by an external auditor, appointed at the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders. On 26 April 2023, the shareholders appointed KPMG Audit Sàrl as statutory auditor for a term of one year, expiring at the end of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders ruling on the 2023 accounts.

Dealing in shares

The company's shares are listed on the Frankfurt and Luxembourg Stock Exchanges. Applicable German and Luxembourg insider dealing, and market manipulation laws prevent anyone with material non-public information about a company from dealing in its shares and from committing market manipulations.

A detailed Dealing Code contains restrictions on dealings by directors and certain employees of RTL Group and its subsidiaries, or associated companies.

Restrictions apply to:

- members of the Board of Directors
- all employees of RTL Group SA, and directors and employees of any subsidiary or affiliated company of RTL Group who, because of their position or activities, may have access to unpublished price-sensitive information.

Code of Conduct

Basic guidelines for responsible behaviour and for conducting business at RTL Group are governed by the Code of Conduct, which outlines binding minimum standards for behaviour towards business partners and the public, and for behaviour within the company. The latest update of the Group's Code of Conduct was in 2021. A speak-up system is available in multiple

languages, both online and via phone, to internal and external stakeholders. The Group has a training programme in place to ensure all employees are fully aware of the code and its principles.

The Code of Conduct is available under the Compliance section on *rtl.com*.

Internal controls over financial reporting

RTL Group's Internal Control System (ICS) over financial reporting aims to provide reasonable assurance on the reliability of external and internal financial reporting, and its conformity with the applicable laws and regulations. It helps to ensure that financial reporting presents a true and fair picture of the Group's net assets, financial position and operational results. The ICS for the accounting process consists of the following areas:

Standards and rules

The rules governing the Group's financial reporting environment and critical accounting policies are set out in the Group's internal rules for accounting and the preparation of financial statements (such as IFRS manuals, guidelines and circulars), which are immediately available to all employees involved in the accounting process. Standards of a minimum control framework for key accounting processes at the level of RTL Group's fully consolidated subsidiaries are formalised in a set of expected key controls. RTL Group's centralised treasury and corporate finance activities are governed by dedicated policies and procedures. Hedging of exposure in non-functional currency of the company is governed by a strict policy. All internal and external financial reporting processes are organised through a centrally managed reporting calendar. The Code of Conduct requires the Group's companies to manage record-keeping and financial reporting with integrity and transparency.

Systems and related controls

Locally used (ERP, treasury applications) finance systems are largely centrally managed through a few common system platforms to ensure a consistent set-up of system-embedded controls. Segregation of duties, access rights and approval limits are regularly reviewed by the local data owners for all reporting units whose finance systems are centrally maintained. Internal and external financial reporting is transmitted through a centrally managed integrated finance system – from budgeting and trend year analysis, monthly internal management reporting, and forecasting of financial and operational KPIs, to consolidation and external financial reporting, and finally **risk management** reporting (see **Risk management** on pages 91 to 95).

Extensive automatic system controls ensure the consistency of the data in the financial statements. The centrally managed integrated finance system is subject to ongoing development through a documented change process. Systemised processes for coordinating intercompany transactions serve to prepare the corresponding consolidation steps. Circumstances that could lead to significant misinformation in the consolidated financial statements or internal management reporting are monitored centrally and verified by external experts as required. Specific system-embedded controls support the consolidation process, including the reconciliation of intercompany transactions.

IT General Controls (ITGCs) are regularly assessed by external experts or Internal Audit. Control objectives are defined for all RTL Group central applications and interfaces (the referenced applications) and their related IT infrastructure. The description of the control environment and the effectiveness of these controls are subject to an annual ISAE3402 (Type 2) third-party assurance report. The Group's consolidation scope is constantly updated, both at the level of financial interests captured in the consolidation system, and at the level of legal information through a dedicated legal scope system.

Analytics and reporting

All internal and external local and consolidated financial reporting is systematically reviewed by local finance staff or by finance teams within the Corporate Centre. Typical analyses include comparisons with previous years, budget and forecast, financial and operational KPIs, flows of key captions on the income statement, statement of the financial position, changes in equity, and cash flow statement. The finance teams of the Corporate Centre and business units are also integrated into the internal management reporting. Internal and external reporting are reconciled during the segment reconciliation process.

Regular communication between RTL Group's operations and the Corporate Centre's finance departments ensures that any issue that could affect the Group's financial reporting is immediately flagged and resolved. Both the Group as a whole and the individual business units are in continuous contact with subsidiaries to ensure IFRS-compliant accounting as well as compliance with reporting deadlines and obligations.

Full-year and half-year reporting to the financial market is reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors. Q1 and Q3 quarterly statements are approved by the Audit Committee upon delegation by the Board of Directors.

Risk management

RTL Group defines its risk management as a continuous process at both business unit and Group level to prevent, protect, mitigate and leverage risks when executing RTL Group's strategy. RTL Group's risk management system aligns with international risk management standards (such as the COSO framework).

Transparency

RTL Group's policy on the reporting of significant compliance incidents requires business units to immediately report fraud or other significant compliance incidents to the Group. Identified control weaknesses that could affect the reliability of financial reporting – reported by either external auditors or Internal Audit – are brought to the attention of management and the Audit Committee, and are part of a follow-up process.

Each year, the business units self-assess the maturity level of their local internal controls over financial reporting. Results of this self-assessment are reviewed by the Risk Management team and reported to the Audit Committee. At each meeting the Audit Committee is updated on the key accounting, tax and legal issues within the Group.

The Corporate Centre constantly promotes the importance of sound internal controls – not only over financial reporting, but also for operational processes – through dedicated workshops with RTL Group's business units, and the work of the Internal Audit department.

Like the Risk Management System, each ICS cannot guarantee with absolute certainty that significant misinformation in the accounting process can be prevented or identified.

RTL Group's risk management process is designed to meet the following main objectives:

- **Embedded culture:** promote and embed a common risk management culture in the daily work of all RTL Group employees.
- **Consistent policy:** develop consistent risk policies on key matters, to be tailored and implemented at business unit level with consideration for local challenges and environment.
- **Harmonised response:** ensure harmonised risk management prevention, detection and mitigation measures across RTL Group and its business units against key risks, as well as a continuous related monitoring and improvement programme.

RTL Group's robust risk management processes are designed to ensure that risks are identified, monitored and controlled, and its risk management system is based on a specific policy and a clear set of procedures. Policies and procedures are reviewed on a regular basis by the Internal Audit department and/or external consulting companies. Risk management and risk reporting are coordinated by the Head of Enterprise Risk Management (ERM).